	2019 State Legislative Tracking Chart – Reverse Mortgages				
	$NRMLA^1$				
STATE	BILL	SUMMARY	BILL HISTORY		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	B23-185	This bill, among other things, would enact the District of Columbia Debt Collection Agency and Third Party Loan Servicer Act of 2019 (the "Act"). The bill would require any person acting as a collection agency or a third party loan servicer to obtain a license under the Act, unless exempt. "Third party loan servicer" is defined as a person who uses an instrumentality of interstate commerce or the mails in any business for the principal purpose of servicing a loan directly or indirectly, owed or due, or asserted to be owed or due another. In addition, "servicing" is defined to include making payments to borrowers as part of a home equity conversion mortgage or reverse mortgage loan.	March 5, 2019: Introduced by Chairman Mendelson at Office of the Secretary.  March 15, 2019: Notice of intent to act on B23-0185 published in the District of Columbia Register.  March 19, 2019: Referred to Committee on Business and Economic Development.		
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	B23-208	This is a 2020 budget bill for the District of Columbia and would allocate \$13,582,000 for the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency. Moreover, all funds budgeted, without regard to fiscal year, for the Reverse Mortgage Foreclosure Prevention Program are authorized for expenditure and remain	March 20, 2019: Introduced by Chairman Mendelson at Office of the Secretary.  March 29, 2019: Notice of Intent to Act Published in the District of Columbia Register.  April 2, 2019: Retained by the Council with comments from the Committee of the Whole.		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This Chart was updated on May 1, 2019, by Weiner Brodsky Kider PC solely for use by NRMLA and may not be relied upon by others. This Chart summarizes active 2018-2019 state legislative items through and up to May 1, 2019 directly affecting reverse mortgages, is for informational purposes only, and is not intended as formal legal advice. This Chart is based upon compilations available to us as reported in fee-based electronic databases. While we relied upon such databases in the preparation of this Chart, we cannot assure that such databases produce timely or accurate information. Further, we have not undertaken to engage nor did we confer with locally licensed counsel or governmental relations-specialists in any of the jurisdictions discussed in this Chart, nor have we consulted with state legislative staff in all such jurisdictions. Such consultations, if undertaken, may reveal additional information not reflected in this Chart.

### 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** BILL available for expenditure until September 30, 2020. H.B. 503 This bill reinstates and amends the Maine House: property tax deferral program to include February 7, 2019: Comm. on Taxation suggested and ordered printed, Referred to the Comm. on Taxation. households with at least one individual who February 7, 2019: Sent for concurrence, Ordered sent forthwith. is 65 years of age or older or who is unable to continue employment due to disability and Senate: surviving spouses who are at least 60 years February 7, 2019: Referred to Comm. on Taxation in concurrence. of age or who are unable to continue employment due to disability. The bill, among other things, also: (1) modifies the eligibility income for the property tax deferral program from less than \$32,000 to less than \$40,000; (2) requires an individual applying for deferral of property taxes to MAINE have liquid assets, which include funds from a HECM, of less than \$50,000 or in the case of 2 or more individual filing a claim jointly, combined liquid assets of less than \$75,000; (3) amends the rate of accrual of interest on deferred property taxes; and (4) provides that properties may not be subject to deferral under both state and municipal deferral programs. [Appears similar to ME H.B. 556, filed but not passed in 2019.] This bill reinstates and amends the Maine H.B. 556 House: **M**AINE property tax deferral program to include February 12, 2019: Comm. on Taxation suggested and ordered printed, Referred to Comm. on Taxation.

### 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** BILL households with at least one individual who February 12, 2019: Sent for concurrence, Ordered sent forthwith. is 65 years of age or older or who is unable to continue employment due to disability. The Senate: bill, among other things, also: (1) modifies February 12, 2019: Referred to the Comm. on Taxation in concurrence. the eligibility income for the property tax April 30, 2019: Pursuant to Joint Rule 310.3 Placed in Legislative Files (Dead). deferral program from less than \$32,000 to less than \$40,000; (2) requires an individual applying for deferral of property taxes to have liquid assets, which include funds from a HECM, of less than \$50,000 or in the case of 2 or more individual filing a claim jointly, combined liquid assets of less than \$75,000; (3) provides that properties may not be subject to deferral under both state and municipal deferral programs; and (4) makes the existing abatement and appeal processes available in cases in which the State Tax Assessor disagrees with the municipal assessment of a property eligible for enrollment in the program. [Appears similar to ME H.B. 503, filed but not passed in 2019.] This bill would enact the Senior Property Tax H.B. 1055 House: Reimbursement Act which would provide April 2, 2019: Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed, Referred to Committee on Taxation. reimbursement to a taxpayer who (1) reaches April 2, 2019: Sent for concurrence, Ordered sent forthwith. retirement age or is older than retirement age MAINE on April 1st of the year in which the claim is Senate: filed, (2) has a household income less than April 2, 2019: Referred to Committee on Taxation in concurrence. \$40,000, (3) if filing individually, has liquid

### 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** BILL assets of less than \$50,000 or, if filing jointly as household members, jointly has liquid assets of less than \$75,000, (4) qualifies for and receives a homestead exemption for the homestead for which the reimbursement claim is made. "Liquid assets" is defined to include funds from a HECM that are in the individual's possession whether they are in cash or have been converted to another form. S.B. 415 This bill would create a duty of good faith House: for mortgage loan servicers. "Good faith" is March 19, 2019: Referred to the Comm. on Judiciary, In concurrence, Ordered sent forthwith. defined as honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable commercial Senate: standards of fair lending. "Servicing" is March 19, 2019: Comm. on Health Coverage, Insurance and Financial Services suggested and ordered printed defined to include making a payment to the March 19, 2019: On motion by S. Sanborn, H. of Cumberland reference to the Comm. on Judiciary. borrower under a HECM or reverse March 19, 2019: Ordered sent down forthwith for concurrence. mortgage. The bill provides that a violation of this duty of good faith during a MAINE foreclosure action may result in dismissal or stay of the action or other appropriate sanctions until the violation is cured. Additionally, the bill would amend the foreclosure meditation program to allow courts to directly sanction a mortgage servicer when the servicer fails to mediate in good faith. H.B. 99 This bill would amend the Estates and Trust House: law relating to the elective share of a January 18, 2019: First reading Health and Government Operations. MARYLAND surviving spouse. It would repeal provisions January 23, 2019: Set for hearing February 5.

2019 State Legislative Tracking Chart – Reverse Mortgages NRMLA <sup>1</sup>			
		relating to a surviving spouse making an	February 18, 2019: Favorable with Amendments Report by Health and Government Operations.
		election to take a specified share of the net	February 20, 2019: Favorable with Amendments {786182/1 Report Adopted;
		estate of the decedent instead of the property	February 20, 2019: Second reading passed with Amendments.
		left to the surviving spouse under the will;	February 22, 2019: Third reading passed.
		provide that a surviving spouse may take a	April 8, 2019: House concur – Senate Amendments, Third reading passed, Passed enrolled.
		specified elective share amount of a specified	
		augmented estate; and establish the priority	Senate:
		to be used in determining the sources from	February 25, 2019: First reading Judicial Proceedings.
		which a specified elective share amount is	April 5, 2019: Favorable with Amendments Report by Judicial Proceedings.
		payable. Moreover, it provides that the right	April 5, 2019: Favorable with Amendments Report Adopted, Second reading passed with Amendments.
		of election may be exercised by a guardian of	April 8, 2019: Third reading passed with Amendments.
		the property of the surviving spouse or an	
		agent of the surviving spouse under certain	
		circumstances. An agent's authority may	
		include authority over real property (defined	
		to include a reverse mortgage) and an agent	
		may be authorized to "pledge or mortgage	
		an interest in real property or right incident	
		to real property as security to borrow money	
		or pay, renew, or extend the time of payment	
		of a debt of the principal or a debt	
		guaranteed by the principal, including a	
		reverse mortgage." The bill would also	
		revise the existing statutory form for a power	
		of attorney relating to authority to elect to	
		take an elective share.	
		[Appears to be a companion bill to MD S.B.	
		192, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar	
		to MD H.B. 777 and MD S.B. 649, filed but	
		not passed in 2018.]	

### 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> **BILL HISTORY STATE** BILL **SUMMARY** This bill amends the Maryland Consumer February 6, 2019: Fist Reading Economic Matters. H.B. 603 Loan Law ("MCLL"). This bill amends February 7, 2019: Set for hearing March 6. Section 12-311 ("Section") of the MCLL February 11, 2019: Hearing canceled. Set for hearing February 27. which was originally drafted to establish February 22, 2019: Hearing canceled. ability to repay requirements for mortgage February 25, 2019: Unfavorable Report by Economic Matters, Withdrawn. loans. However, the Section excluded a reverse mortgage from the definition of a "mortgage loan." As amended by the bill, the ability to repay requirements would now apply to any loan not exceeding \$25,000, and MARYLAND the definition of "mortgage loan," including the exclusion of reverse mortgages, would be repealed. It is uncertain whether the ability to repay requirements would now apply to reverse mortgages. [Appears to be a companion bill to MD S.B. 825, filed but not passed in 2019.] This bill would amend the Estates and Trust S.B. 192 Senate: law relating to the elective share of a January 23, 2019: First reading Judicial Proceedings.

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January 25, 2019: Set for hearing February 6.

April 8, 2019: Third reading passed, Returned passed.

April 5, 2019: Favorable with Amendments Report by Judicial Proceedings.

April 8, 2019: First Reading House Rules and Executive Nominations. April 8, 2019: Rereferred to Health and Government Operations.

April 8, 2019: Favorable report by Health and Government Operations.

April 5, 2019: Favorable with Amendments Report Adopted, Second reading passed with Amendments.

surviving spouse. It would repeal provisions

estate of the decedent instead of the property

left to the surviving spouse under the will; provide that a surviving spouse may take a specified elective share amount of a specified

augmented estate; and establish the priority to be used in determining the sources from

relating to a surviving spouse making an election to take a specified share of the net

MARYLAND

### 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> BILL **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** which a specified elective share amount is April 8, 2019: Favorable Report Adopted, Second reading passed. payable. Moreover, it provides that the right April 8, 2019: Motion Rules Suspended two readings same day (Delegate Rosenberg) adopted. of election may be exercised by a guardian of April 8, 2019: Third reading passed. the property of the surviving spouse or an agent of the surviving spouse under certain circumstances. An agent's authority may include authority over real property (defined to include a reverse mortgage) and an agent may be authorized to "pledge or mortgage an interest in real property or right incident to real property as security to borrow money or pay, renew, or extend the time of payment of a debt of the principal or a debt guaranteed by the principal, including a reverse mortgage." The bill would also revise the existing statutory form for a power of attorney relating to authority to elect to take an elective share. [Appears to a companion bill to MD H.B. 99, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to MD H.B. 777 and MD S.B. 649, filed but not passed in 2018.] S.B. 825 This bill amends the Maryland Consumer February 4, 2019: Fist Reading Finance. February 11, 2019: Set for hearing March 12. Loan Law ("MCLL"). This bill amends Section 12-311 ("Section") of the MCLL February 28, 2019: Hearing canceled. which was originally drafted to establish March 1, 2019: Unfavorable Report by Finance, Withdrawn. MARYLAND ability to repay requirements for mortgage loans. However, the Section excluded a reverse mortgage from the definition of a

	2019 State Legislative Tracking Chart – Reverse Mortgages				
	$NRMLA^1$				
STATE	BILL	SUMMARY	BILL HISTORY		
		"mortgage loan." As amended by the bill, the ability to repay requirements would now apply to any loan not exceeding \$25,000, and the definition of "mortgage loan," including the exclusion of reverse mortgages, would be repealed. It is uncertain whether the ability to repay requirements would now apply to reverse mortgages.  [Appears to be a companion bill to MD H.B. 603, filed but not passed in 2019.]			
MASSACHUSETTS	H.B. 918	This bill would amend the Massachusetts requirement that third-party counseling for reverse mortgage loans must be conducted in-person. Pursuant to this bill, mortgagees would be allowed to accept a written certification from a counselor with a third-party organization that the mortgagor has received counseling in-person or via video conference.  [Appears similar to MA H.B. 4137, filed but not passed in 2017.]	Senate: January 22, 2019: Referred to the committee on Financial Services.  House: January 22, 2019: Senate concurred.  Joint: April 19, 2019: Hearing scheduled for May 2, 2019 from 11 am to 1pm.		
MASSACHUSETTS	H.B. 954	This bill would amend the general laws to allow banks to make a reverse mortgage loan to the resident of a cooperative unit, provided that the resident be at least 60 years of age, occupies the mortgaged real estate in	House: January 22, 2019: Referred to the Committee on Financial Services.  Senate: January 22, 2019: Senate concurred.		

### 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> BILL **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** whole and in part, and is considered the owner of the real estate. This bill would amend the Massachusetts H.B. 3617 House: property tax deferral provisions for real January 22, 2019: Referred to the Committee on Revenue. property of a person 65 years of age or over and occupied by such person as their Senate: domicile. Among other things, the bill would January 22, 2019: Senate concurred. remove the requirement that the person must have been domiciled in Massachusetts for the preceding 10 years and either: (1) has owned or occupied as their domicile the real property in Massachusetts for 5 years; or (2) is a surviving spouse who inherits such real MASSACHUSETTS property and has occupied real property in Massachusetts as their domicile for 5 years and who otherwise qualifies for the tax exemption. Note that a lien filed pursuant to a tax deferral and recovery agreement between the board of assessors and the owner(s) of such real property will be subsequent to any liens securing a reverse mortgage, except for shared appreciation instruments. S.B. 782 This bill would enact the Melinda Stewart Senate: Stabilization Act (the "Act"). This bill January 22, 2019: Referred to the committee on Housing. appears to exclude reverse mortgages and MASSACHUSETTS applies primarily to rental housing but House: makes an odd and confusing statement January 22, 2019: House concurred. about reverse mortgages, by providing that

## 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** BILL only two notices are needed for reverse mortgages: (1) end-of-year mortgage statement; and (2) verification of living statement. Moreover, the Act provides that a reverse mortgage homeowner should be given the right to begin paying off the mortgage without any unreasonable interruptions or processes, such as paying off excess charges or putting down a large payment in advance before allowing payment to begin. Further, the Act provides that these excess fees and processes are discriminatory and lead to destabilization. This bill would make it an unfair lending A.B. 352 March 19, 2019: Read first time, Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor, To printer. practice for a lender to advertise or make a March 20, 2019: From printer, To committee. reverse mortgage loan without providing a April 13, 2019: Pursuant to Joint Standing Rule No. 14.3.1, no further action allowed. specific disclosure to borrowers which explains how reverse mortgages work and describes certain terms and conditions of a NEVADA reverse mortgage loan. Lenders are required to provide this disclosure on reverse mortgage security instruments and printed advertisement or solicitation offering a reverse mortgage loan. S.B. 1811 This bill would establish pre-loan counseling February 8, 2018: Introduced in the Senate, Referred to Senate Commerce Committee. requirements and borrower right of rescission for reverse mortgage loans. Under New Jersey this bill, prior to accepting a final and complete application for a reverse mortgage

	$NRMLA^1$			
STATE	BILL	SUMMARY	BILL HISTORY	
		loan or assessing any fees, the lender must		
		provide the borrower with a written		
		checklist advising the borrower to discuss		
		certain issues with a reverse mortgage		
		counselor. The lender would also be required		
		to provide the borrower the names and		
		contact information for at least five (5)		
		counseling agencies domiciled in New Jersey		
		that are approved by HUD. Also, the lender		
		would have to receive a certification from the		
		borrower attesting that the borrower has		
		received in-person counseling. Under this		
		bill, a reverse mortgage executed with a		
		borrower who has not received pre-loan		
		counseling is void and unenforceable. The		
		bill would also give a borrower a seven (7)		
		day right of rescission after the borrower's		
		acceptance, in writing, of the lender's written		
		commitment to make the reverse mortgage		
		loan. Under this bill, "reverse mortgage"		
		means a reverse annuity mortgage or a		
		reverse direct payment mortgage. "Reverse		
		annuity mortgage" means a mortgage loan		
		secured by unencumbered residential		
		property of the mortgagor which loan is		
		used by the mortgagee to purchase annuities		
		for the benefit of the mortgagor. "Reverse		
		direct payment mortgage" means a		
		mortgage loan secured by unencumbered		
		residential property of the mortgagor, which		
		loan is paid directly to the mortgagor in		

## 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** BILL fixed amounts over the term of the mortgage not to exceed 10 years, or such other term as may be established by the Commissioner of Banking. [Appears to be similar to NJ A.B. 4753, filed but not passed in 2017.] This bill, entitled the "Mortgage Servicers January 31, 2019: Introduced in the Senate, Referred to Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee. S.B. 3417 Licensing Act," would require any person February 7, 2019: Reported from Senate Committee, 2<sup>nd</sup> Reading. acting as a mortgage servicer to obtain a February 7, 2019: Referred to Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee. license from the New Jersey Commissioner March 4, 2019: Reported from Senate Committee with Amendments, 2nd Reading. of Banking and Insurance (Commissioner) March 25, 2019: Substituted by A.B. 4997 (1R). for each main office and each branch office where business is conducted. "Mortgage servicer" is defined to include a person who makes payments to borrowers pursuant to the terms of a home equity conversion mortgage or reverse mortgage. This bill, among other things, also: (1) requires New Jersey mortgage servicers to provide certain disclosures to borrowers; (2) establishes record keeping requirements for mortgage servicers; and (3) requires mortgage servicers to at least annually file with the Commissioner certain information with respect to the mortgages that they service in New Jersey. [Appears to be a companion bill to NJ A.B. 4997, filed but not passed in 2019.]

### 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> **BILL HISTORY STATE** BILL **SUMMARY** This bill, entitled the "Mortgage Servicers February 7, 2019: Introduced, Referred to Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee. A.B. 4997 February 14, 2019: Transferred to Assembly Housing and Community Development Committee. Licensing Act," would require any person acting as a mortgage servicer to obtain a March 7, 2019: Reported out of Asm. Comm. w/ Amends. license from the New Jersey Commissioner March 7, 2019: Referred to Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee. of Banking and Insurance (Commissioner) March 7, 2019: Reported and Referred to Assembly Appropriations Committee. for each main office and each branch office March 18, 2019: Reported out of Assembly Committee, 2<sup>nd</sup> Reading. where business is conducted. "Mortgage March 25, 2019: Passed by the Assembly (78-1-1), Received in the Senate without Reference, 2<sup>nd</sup> Reading. March 25, 2019: Substituted for S.B. 3417 (1R), Passed Senate (Passed Both Houses) (37-0). servicer" is defined to include a person who makes payments to borrowers pursuant to April 29, 2019: Approved P.L.2019, c.65. the terms of a home equity conversion mortgage or reverse mortgage. This bill, among other things, also: (1) requires **NEW JERSEY** mortgage servicers to provide certain disclosures to borrowers; (2) establishes record keeping requirements for mortgage servicers; and (3) requires mortgage servicers to at least annually file with the Commissioner certain information with respect to the mortgages that they service in New Jersey. [Appears to be a companion bill to NJ S.B. 3417, filed but not passed in 2019.] S.B. 1246 This bill would amend Section 280 and January 11, 2019: Referred to Aging. Section 280-a of the real property law to add new conditions on authorized lenders of **NEW YORK** reverse mortgages. The bill, in part, would require an authorized lender to deliver to the applicant, upon application, a plain language

# 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> BILL **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** notice prepared by the Department of Financial Services. Further, the bill provides that no reverse mortgage loan application may be taken by a lender unless the lender provides the prospective borrower, prior to his or her meeting with a counseling agency on reverse mortgages, with a reverse mortgage worksheet guide to be prepared by the Department of Financial Services. The bill also requires that a lender must not accept a final and complete application for a reverse mortgage loan from a prospective applicant or assess any fees upon a prospective applicant until a lapse of seven days from the reverse mortgage counseling. [Appears to be a companion bill to NY A.B. 6883, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 2758 and NY A.B. 7589, filed but not passed in 2017.] This bill requires the New York Department S.B. 2373 January 24, 2019: Referred to Aging. of Financial Services to develop a HECM February 12, 2019: Reported and Committed to Finance. Information Summary Sheet disclosure that lenders must provide HECM borrower no less than 5 days prior to closing. This **NEW YORK** disclosure informs borrowers of their rights and responsibilities under a reverse mortgage and includes, among other things: (1) a schedule of payments; (2) a statement advising borrowers to consult with licensed

	2019 State Legislative Tracking Chart – Reverse Mortgages				
	$NRMLA^1$				
STATE	BILL	SUMMARY	BILL HISTORY		
		professionals regarding the tax and estate planning consequences of obtaining a reverse mortgage; (3) an explanation and itemization of the potential costs of a reverse mortgage; (4) a summary of actions or conditions that will constitute a default under a reverse mortgage; (5) a summary and explanation of alternatives to obtaining a reverse mortgage on the basis of economic hardship; (6) information on a borrower's rights in the foreclosure process; and (7) information about New York-based organizations that provide HECM counseling. Additionally, failure to provide the HECM Information Summary Sheet would result in the related reverse mortgage loan becoming null and void.  [Appears similar to NY A.B. 5628, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 4494 and NY A.B. 5822, filed but not passed in 2017].			
New York	S.B. 3221	This bill would amend the real property law to require the New York Department of Financial Services to establish an internet website for comparison of federal HECM products offered in the state. The bill provides that such website will allow the	February 4, 2019: Referred to Judiciary. April 30, 2019: Reported and committed to Finance.		
		consumer to compare the cost, rate, and service features of these products.			

# 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> BILL **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** [Appears similar to NY A.B. 5625, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY A.B. 5819, filed but not passed in 2017]. S.B. 3609 This bill would amend the real property tax February 11, 2019: Referred to Aging. law in relation to income requirements for the real property school tax exemption granted to persons sixty-five years of age or over in high-appreciation municipalities. It would, in part, increase the maximum allowable income property owners may earn for purposes of this exemption from \$29,000 to \$50,000 beginning July 1, 2019 in a county, city, town, village, or school district which is a high-appreciation municipality. Note that proceeds of a reverse mortgage are already excluded from the calculation of income for **NEW YORK** purposes of the real property school tax exemption (provided, however, that monies used to repay a reverse mortgage may not be deducted from income, and also provided that any interest or dividends realized from the investment of reverse mortgage proceeds are considered income). [Appears to be a companion bill to NY A.B. 5335, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 3817 and NY A.B. 3146, filed but not passed in 2017.]

## 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART - REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> BILL **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** S.B. 3686 This bill would amend New York banking February 12, 2019: Referred to Banks. law by adding a new section 6-n to authorize reverse cooperative apartment unit loans for persons seventy years of age or older. The bill allows for both a term reverse cooperative apartment unit loan which means any reverse cooperative apartment unit loan that has a fixed term for payment to the borrower, and a tenure cooperative apartment unit loan which means any cooperative apartment unit loan that does not have a fixed term for payment to the borrower. A reverse cooperative apartment unit loan must, among other things, grant the borrower lifetime possession of the **NEW YORK** apartment as long as the apartment is the borrower's principal residence, and the term of the reverse cooperative apartment unit loan, except for a tenure reverse cooperative apartment unit loan, must be ten years or less. This bill creates numerous disclosure, servicing, and qualification requirements for reverse cooperative apartment unit loans. [Appears to be a companion bill to NY A.B. 2632, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY A.B. 10755, filed but not passed in 2018.] S.B. 4407 This bill would amend the real property law March 11, 2019: Referred to Aging. **NEW YORK** in relation to the regulation of reverse

# 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> BILL **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** mortgages issued under the federal HECM program. The bill, in part, would prohibit the deceptive advertising and issuance of federal HECM loans. Moreover, the bill would require that independent counseling be provided to applicants for such mortgages and would also require lenders to provide notice of the duty of the mortgagor to pay certain property related expenses when equity in the real property is low or depleted. Additionally, the bill would restrict a lender's ability to foreclose on the mortgaged property based on the failure of the mortgagor to live on the property as a primary residence. Further, the bill also provides that compliance with its provisions is a precondition to begin a foreclosure action and that failure to comply will be a complete defense to a foreclosure action. [Appears to be a companion bill to NY A.B. 5626, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 4453 and NY A.B. 5820, filed but not passed in 2017.] This bill would amend the real property law S.B. 4408 March 11, 2019: Referred to Aging. in relation to the regulation of default and foreclosure of reverse mortgages issues **NEW YORK** under the federal HECM program. The bill, in part, requires an authorized lender which seeks to foreclose upon a reverse mortgage

		2019 STATE LEGISLATI	VE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES		
	$NRMLA^1$				
STATE	BILL	SUMMARY	BILL HISTORY		
		issued under the federal HECM program to provide notice thereof to the New York Department of Financial Services ("NY DFS") and to the mortgagor. The bill would also require the NY DFS to provide notice to the mortgagor of legal service organizations which may assist them with the default or foreclosure. Moreover, the bill would prohibit authorized lenders from making advance payment of debts upon the mortgaged real property.  [Appears to be a companion bill to NY A.B. 5627, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 4452 and NY A.B. 5821, filed but not passed in 2017.]			
New York	S.B. 5382	This bill would enact the New York State Senior Housing Opportunities Partnership Act and establish the New York state senior housing opportunities partnership authority. The bill provides that the proposed authoritative body would finance or collaborate in the financing of senior housing opportunities facility projects. In addition, the bill defines "Senior Housing Opportunities Facility" as any structure that is or is to be owned or occupied ("Owner- Occupied") by seniors. For the purposes of the bill, "Owner-Occupied" means and includes any provision or instrument,	April 29, 2019: Referred to Health.		

		2019 State Legislati	VE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES		
	$NRMLA^1$				
STATE	BILL	SUMMARY	BILL HISTORY		
		including reverse mortgages, that allows a senior to own or to eventually own their living unit.			
		[Appears to be companion bill to NY H.B. 4554, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 7391 and NY A.B. 10469, filed but not passed in 2018.]			
New York	A.B. 2632	This bill would amend New York banking law by adding a new section 6-n to authorize reverse cooperative apartment unit loans for persons seventy years of age or older. The bill allows for both a term reverse cooperative apartment unit loan which means any reverse cooperative apartment unit loan that has a fixed term for payment to the borrower, and a tenure cooperative apartment unit loan which means any cooperative apartment unit loan that does not have a fixed term for payment to the borrower. A reverse cooperative apartment unit loan must, among other things, grant the borrower lifetime possession of the apartment as long as the apartment is the borrower's principal residence, and the term of the reverse cooperative apartment unit loan, except for a tenure reverse cooperative apartment unit loan, must be ten years or less. This bill creates numerous disclosure,	January 24, 2019: Referred to Banks.		

# 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART - REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> BILL **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** servicing, and qualification requirements for reverse cooperative apartment unit loans. [Appears to be a companion bill to NY S.B. 3686, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY A.B. 10755, filed but not passed in 2018]. This bill would amend section 280 of the real January 31, 2019: Referred to Housing. A.B. 3960 property law and would, in part, increase the age of eligibility for obtaining a reverse mortgage loan to age sixty-two (from sixty); repeal section 280-a of the real property law; allow a reverse mortgage loan on a cooperative apartment, life estate, trust, and leasehold interest; and delete the provision allowing an attorney to provide third party **NEW YORK** counseling. The bill also provides that a reverse mortgage loan may be a FHAinsured HECM pursuant to subdivision four of section 280 or a non-FHA-insured (proprietary) loan. [Appears similar to NY A.B. 5097, filed but not passed in 2017]. A.B. 4554 This bill would enact the New York State February 4, 2019: Referred to Aging. Senior Housing Opportunities Partnership Act and establish the New York state senior **NEW YORK** housing opportunities partnership authority. The bill provides that the proposed

		2019 STATE LEGISLATI	VE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES		
	$NRMLA^1$				
STATE	BILL	SUMMARY	BILL HISTORY		
		authoritative body would finance or collaborate in the financing of senior housing opportunities facility projects. In addition, the bill defines "Senior Housing Opportunities Facility" as any structure that is or is to be owned or occupied ("Owner-Occupied") by seniors. For the purposes of the bill, "Owner-Occupied" means and includes any provision or instrument, including reverse mortgages, that allows a senior to own or to eventually own their living unit.  [Appears to be companion bill to NY S.B. 5382, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 7391 and NY A.B. 10469, filed but not passed in 2018.]			
New York	A.B. 5252	This bill would amend the New York real property tax law to increase the amount of income property owners may earn for the purpose of eligibility for the property tax exemption for persons sixty-five years of age or over and for persons with disabilities and limited income from \$29,000 to \$50,000 beginning July 1, 2020. Proceeds of a reverse mortgage are already excluded from the calculation of income for purposes of the property tax exemption (provided, however, that monies used to repay a reverse mortgage may not be deducted from income,	February 8, 2019: Referred to Aging.		

# 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> **BILL HISTORY** BILL **SUMMARY STATE** and also provided that any interest or dividends realized from the investment of reverse mortgage proceeds are considered income). [Appears similar to NY A.B. 6515, filed but not passed in 2019, similar to NY A.B. 10297, filed but not passed in 2018, and NY S.B. 772, filed but not passed in 2017.] A.B. 5335 This bill would amend the real property tax February 11, 2019: Referred to Aging. law in relation to income requirements for the real property school tax exemption granted to persons sixty-five years of age or over in high-appreciation municipalities. It would, in part, increase the maximum allowable income property owners may earn for purposes of this exemption from \$29,000 to \$50,000 beginning July 1, 2019 in a county, city, town, village, or school district which is a high-appreciation municipality. Note that **NEW YORK** proceeds of a reverse mortgage are already excluded from the calculation of income for purposes of the real property school tax exemption (provided, however, that monies used to repay a reverse mortgage may not be deducted from income, and also provided that any interest or dividends realized from the investment of reverse mortgage proceeds are considered income).

## 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> BILL **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** [Appears to be a companion bill to NY S.B. 3609, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 3817 and NY A.B. 3146, filed but not passed in 2017.] This bill would amend the real property law February 14, 2019: Referred to Judiciary. A.B. 5625 to require the New York Department of March 5, 2019: Reported referred to Ways and Means. Financial Services establish an internet website for comparison of federal HECM products offered in the state. The bill provides that such website will allow the consumer to compare the cost, rate, and **NEW YORK** service features of these products. [Appears similar to NY S.B. 3221, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 4483 and NY A.B. 5819, filed but not passed in 2017.] This bill would amend the real property law February 14, 2019: Referred to Judiciary. A.B. 5626 in relation to the regulation of reverse April 30, 2019: Reported referred to Codes. mortgages issued under the federal HECM program. The bill, in part, would prohibit the deceptive advertising and issuance of federal HECM loans. Moreover, the bill would **NEW YORK** require that independent counseling be provided to applicants for such mortgages and would also require lenders to provide notice of the duty of the mortgagor to pay certain property related expenses when equity in the real property is low or

	2019 State Legislative Tracking Chart – Reverse Mortgages				
	$NRMLA^1$				
STATE	BILL	SUMMARY	BILL HISTORY		
		depleted. Additionally, the bill would restrict a lender's ability to foreclose on the mortgaged property based on the failure of the mortgagor to live on the property as a primary residence. Further, the bill also provides that compliance with its provisions is a precondition to begin a foreclosure action and that failure to comply will be a complete defense to a foreclosure action.  [Appears to be a companion bill to NY S.B. 4407, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 4453 and NY A.B. 5820, filed but not passed in 2017.]			
New York	A.B. 5627	This bill would amend the real property law in relation to the regulation of default and foreclosure of reverse mortgages issues under the federal HECM program. The bill, in part, requires an authorized lender which seeks to foreclose upon a reverse mortgage issued under the federal HECM program to provide notice thereof to the New York Department of Financial Services ("NY DFS") and to the mortgagor. The bill would also require the NY DFS to provide notice to the mortgagor of legal service organizations which may assist them with the default or foreclosure. Moreover, the bill would prohibit authorized lenders from making	February 14, 2019: Referred to Judiciary.		

		2019 State Legislati	VE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES		
	$NRMLA^1$				
STATE	BILL	SUMMARY	BILL HISTORY		
		advance payment of debts upon the mortgaged real property.			
		[Appears to be a companion bill to NY S.B. 4408, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 4452 and NY A.B. 5821, filed but not passed in 2017.]			
New York	A.B. 5628	This bill would amend the real property law, relating to the provision of certain information to mortgagors of reverse mortgages issued under the federal HECM program. The bill, in part, provides for the establishment of the New York state home equity conversion information summary to provide notice of mortgagor's right and responsibilities under reverse mortgage loans issued under the HUD HECM program. The required information summary must contain information including the real costs of reverse mortgage loans, information about fees, and financial alternatives to reverse mortgages. In addition, the bill would require that every authorized lender must provide copies of such summary not less than five days prior to closing on a reverse mortgage loan.	February 14, 2019: Referred to Judiciary.  March 28, 2019: Amend and recommit to Judiciary, Print number 5628a.		
		[Appears similar to NY S.B. 2373, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B.			

## 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** BILL 4494 and NY A.B. 5822, filed but not passed in 2017.] This bill would direct that long term care A.B. 5936 February 20, 2019: Referred to Governmental Employees. counseling be provided to individuals participating in the public retirement systems of the state and city of New York. Long term counseling will consist of information, education and advice dealing with long term care issues and planning for **NEW YORK** long term care, including information about reverse mortgages. [Appears similar to NY A.B. 7247, filed but not passed in 2017.] A.B. 6515 This bill would amend the New York real March 8, 2019: Referred to Aging. property tax law to provide that the maximum amount of income property owners may earn in a municipal corporation within a county with a population between 310,000 and 313,000, or with a population of 945,000 or more, for the purpose of eligibility for the property tax exemption for persons **NEW YORK** sixty-five years of age or over and for persons with disabilities and limited income to be \$50,000 beginning July 1, 2019. Proceeds of a reverse mortgage are already excluded from the calculation of income for purposes of the property tax exemption (provided, however, that monies used to

# 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> BILL **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** repay a reverse mortgage may not be deducted from income, and also provided that any interest or dividends realized from the investment of reverse mortgage proceeds are considered income). [Appears similar to NY A.B. 5252, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY A.B. 10297, filed but not passed in 2018.] A.B. 6883 This bill would amend Section 280 and March 25, 2019: Referred to Judiciary. Section 280-a of the real property law to add new conditions on authorized lenders of reverse mortgages. The bill, in part, would require an authorized lender to deliver to the applicant, upon application, a plain language notice prepared by the Department of Financial Services. Further, the bill provides that no reverse mortgage loan application may be taken by a lender unless the lender provides the prospective borrower, prior to **NEW YORK** his or her meeting with a counseling agency on reverse mortgages, with a reverse mortgage worksheet guide to be prepared by the Department of Financial Services. The bill also requires that a lender must not accept a final and complete application for a reverse mortgage loan from a prospective applicant or assess any fees upon a prospective applicant until a lapse of seven days from the reverse mortgage counseling.

#### 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> **BILL HISTORY STATE** BILL **SUMMARY** [Appears to be a companion bill to NY S.B. 1246, filed but not passed in 2019, and similar to NY S.B. 2758 and NY A.B. 7589, filed but not passed in 2017.] H.B. 2587 This bill establishes that a homestead that is January 14, 2019: First reading, Referred to Speaker's desk. pledged as security for a reverse mortgage is January 15, 2019: Referred to Human Services and Housing. not eligible for tax deferral under Oregon's February 25, 2019: Public hearing held. Deferred Collection of Homestead Property March 4, 2019: Work Session held. Taxes provisions. However, the exception March 11, 2019: Work Session held. does not apply to homesteads that were (1) March 20, 2019: Work Session held. reactivated for deferral under the Deferred March 25, 2019: Work Session held. OREGON Collection of Homestead Property Taxes April 1, 2019: Recommended to pass with amendments, be printed A-Engrossed, and be referred to Revenue. provisions pursuant to Section 1, Chapter April 1, 2019: Referred to Revenue by order of Speaker. 494, Oregon Laws 2013; or (2) pledged as a April 18, 2019: Public hearing held. security for a reverse mortgage pursuant to a contract executed on or after July 1, 2011, and before January 1, 2017. This bill revises the Pennsylvania Mortgage February 28, 2019: Referred to Commerce. H.B. 607 Licensing Act (MLA). Pursuant to this bill, MLA licensees must ensure that the font size on all reverse mortgage contracts and disclosures is no smaller than 24-point. PENNSYLVANIA [Appears to be similar to H.B. 473, filed but not passed in 2017.] December 12, 2018: Pre-filed, Referred to Committee on General. S.B. 197 This bill changes the name of the South SOUTH Carolina Department on Aging ("SCDA") to January 8, 2019: Introduced and read first time, Referred to Committee on Family and Veterans' Services. **CAROLINA**

## 2019 STATE LEGISLATIVE TRACKING CHART – REVERSE MORTGAGES NRMLA<sup>1</sup> BILL **SUMMARY BILL HISTORY STATE** the South Carolina Department of Aging and Vulnerable Adult Services ("SCDAVAS"). Pursuant to this bill, SCDAVAS will take over the current responsibilities of SCDA, such as, providing independent consumer information on reverse mortgages and, with the cooperation of the Long Term Care Council and the Department of Insurance, implementing a program to educate citizens regarding, among other things, the availability of reverse mortgages and other home equity conversion alternatives. This bill provides that a debtor would not be H.B. 4295 March 8, 2019: Filed. in default under a deed of trust or other March 25, 2019: Read first time, Referred to Ways & Means. contract lien on real property used as the April 17, 2019: Scheduled for public hearing on April 17, 2019. debtor's residence homestead for the April 17, 2019: Considered in public hearing, Testimony taken/registration(s) recorded in committee. delinquent payment of property taxes if the April 17, 2019: Left pending in committee. debtor: (1) entered into an installment agreement with the taxing unit for the **TEXAS** payment of the taxes, and the property is protected from seizure and sale and a suit may not be filed to collect a delinquent tax on the property; or (2) has obtained a deferral or abatement of the collection of the property taxes on the property, and the deferral or abatement remains in effect.

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